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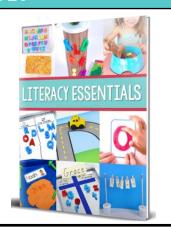
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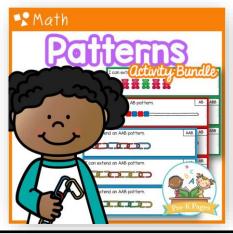
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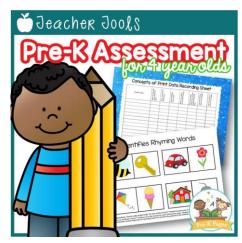
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How to Write Lesson Plans

STEP I: Gather your assessment data.





Online Assessments

Paper Assessments

STEP 2:

Identify the skills and objectives you are required to teach.

- Use your state standards or guidelines.
- If you need further guidance, look in the <u>Teaching</u>
 <u>Trailblazer</u> curriculum map to find a list of standards by week.

STEP 3:

Identify the unit of study you will focus on next week.

- Use your program or school district's scope and sequence for your grade level.
- If you need further guidance, use the <u>Teaching Trailblazer</u> curriculum map.

The text in this document that is BLUE indicates a hyperlink. When you click on this highlighted text, you will be directed to more information about the topic.

How to Write Lesson Plans

STEP 4:

Get out your lesson plan book or use the **Teacher Planner**.

STEP 5:

Now that you have your assessment data, you've identified the skills and objectives you're required to teach, *and* you've identified your unit of study, it's time to write your lesson plans.

- I. Identify the books you will read aloud. We have more than 50 age-appropriate book lists to help you choose.
- 2. Identify the songs or fingerplays you will use.
- 3. Identify the math objectives you will teach and the activities you will use to teach them. Do the same for literacy, science, social-emotional etc.
- 4. Use your assessment data to plan small group activities to teach the skills and objectives you've identified.
- 5. Plan your learning centers to support the skills and objectives you're teaching.

STEP 6:

Gather the books and materials you will need to execute your lesson plans.

The text in this document that is BLUE indicates a hyperlink. When you click on this highlighted text, you will be directed to more information about the topic.

How to Write Lesson Plans FAQ

Q: What if my district requires me to use a specific curriculum.

A: No problem! In Step 2 you simply consult your district's chosen curriculum to identify the skills and objectives you will teach. In Step 3 you will do the same to identify the unit of study.

Q: What if the books in my district's chosen curriculum are not age-appropriate or are super boring?

A: Good teachers are responsive to their student's needs. If the books you're required to use are not working for your students, then a good teacher will seek out engaging, age-appropriate books. The same thing goes for activities that are not appropriate (too challenging or too easy) for your students, a good teacher will supplement or substitute with more appropriate activities etc.

Q: What if the curriculum I'm required to use doesn't have enough content/activities/books to teach everything my state requires me to teach?

A: Being responsive to your student's needs includes supplementing your existing curricula with engaging, age-appropriate books, materials, and activities.

Q: What if the curriculum I'm required to teach is not developmentally appropriate and includes lots of worksheets and workbooks?

A: As professional educators it's our job to advocate for our students - without losing our jobs. Advocacy may look different for each teacher. In some cases, it means shutting your classroom door and supplementing the curriculum heavily with more appropriate, hands-on instruction. In other cases, it may mean de-emphasizing the worksheets by spending very little time on them at all, while still shutting your door and supplementing with hands-on instruction. If you need more evidence to support your advocacy, start HERE.